

- $x \square \square \square \square$
- $x_1^2 X_1^2 q_1^2$
- **Text: Umlaute & fonts:**
 - rm: Äqüätøer abcABC00, 123-45+6.0%§,
 - it: Äqüätøer abcABC00, 123-45+6.0%§,
 - sf: Äqüätøer abcABC00, 123-45+6.0%§,
 - tt: Äqüätøer abcABC00, 123-45+6.0%§,
 - cal: Äqüätøer abcABC00, 123-45+6.0%§,
 - scr: Äqüätøer abcABC00, 123-45+6.0%§,
 - bb: Äqüätøer abcABC00, 123-45+6.0%§,
 - frak: Äqüätøer abcABC00, 123-45+6.0%§,
- **text: Umlaute:** ÄäÀàÁáÂâÃãÄäÅåÄäEæČčĚěěLlŎöÒòÓóÔôÕõŎŏŒœŠšßÜüÙùÚúÛû
- **math: Umlaute and fonts**
 - rm: Äqüätøer abcABC00, 123-45+6.0%§
 - bs: ÄqüätøerabcABC00, 123 - 45 + 6.0%§, ,
 - it: ÄqüätøerabcABC00, 123 - 45 + 6.0%§,
 - rm: ÄqüätøerabcABC00, 123 - 45 + 6.0%§,
 - sf: ÄqüätøerabcABC00, 123 - 45 + 6.0%§,
 - tt: ÄqüätøerabcABC00, 123 - 45 + 6.0%§,
 - cal: ÄIIÏËÏœ∇÷|]ABC", ∞∈∃ - Δ∇ + ,%§,
 - scr: ÄœABC, - +.%§,
 - bb: Ä|≈ö≈œ\∂ABCFF, FF - F + F.%§,
 - frak: ÄqüätøerabcABC00, 123 - 45 + 6.0%§

- like in label at bottom (no MM):

$$\left(\left[\sqrt{2\pi \cdot \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx} \right] \right)$$

- like in label at bottom (MM):

$$\left(\left[\sqrt{2\pi \cdot \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx} \right] \right)$$

- decoration:

$$\vec{x}\vec{X}\vec{\psi} - \dot{x}\dot{X}\dot{\psi} - \ddot{x}\ddot{X}\ddot{\psi} - \overline{\overline{xX\psi}} - \underline{\underline{xX\psi}} - \hat{x}\hat{X}\hat{\psi} - \tilde{x}\tilde{X}\tilde{\psi} - \underline{\underline{xX\psi}} - \overline{\overline{xX\psi}} - \bar{x}\bar{X}\bar{\psi} - \vec{x}\vec{X}\vec{\psi}$$

- mathtest:

This is normal text: *thisismath* : $\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle = \langle (\vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t + \tau))^2 \rangle$ $g(\tau) = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{\langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{w_{xy}^2} \right)^{-1}$ $\llcorner \llcorner \langle \{ \vec{a} \mid \|\vec{a}\|_2 \geq 2 \} \vec{r}\vec{R}$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} i^2 + y^\alpha + 1}}}{\dot{v} \equiv \ddot{r}} \arg \min_{\vec{k}} \sum_{\sqrt{i}=0}^N \int_{x_0}^{x_1} (((x))) \underbrace{\left[\left\{ \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right\} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \right]}_{\text{underbraced text}} \hat{h} \dots \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{i=0}^2 i^2 + y^\alpha}}{\dot{v} \equiv \ddot{r}}, \hat{t}\hat{T} \overbrace{\left[\sqrt{x \cdot Y} \right]} \propto \mathbb{N} \circ \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\langle \overrightarrow{x(\tau)} \cdot \vec{R}(t + \bar{\tau}) \rangle \alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\Gamma\Delta\Theta\Omega \left[\left[\sqrt[3]{\hbar\omega} \right] \right]$$

- chi2 test:

$$\vec{p}^* = \arg \max_{\vec{p}} \chi^2 = \arg \max_{\vec{p}} \sum_{i=1}^N \left| \frac{\hat{f}_i - f(x_i; \vec{p})}{\sigma_i} \right|^2$$

- upper/lower parantheses test:

$$\text{bblabla} \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{e^x + e^{-x}} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5+x} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\exp \left[-\frac{y^2}{\sqrt{x}} \right] \cdot \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2} \right]} \right)$$

- ACF test:

$$g_{rg}^{ab}(\tau) = \frac{1}{N} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2 \langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{3 w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-1} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2 \langle r^2(\tau) \rangle}{3 w_{xy}^2}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

- MSD test:

$$\text{MSD}(\tau) \equiv \langle r^2(\tau) \rangle = \langle (\vec{r}(t) - \vec{r}(t + \tau))^2 \rangle = 2n \cdot \frac{K_\alpha}{\Gamma(1 + \alpha)} \cdot \tau^\alpha$$

- math: blackboard:

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ##

- math: bf:

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ120

- math: rm:

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ120

- math: cal:

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ ∞ ϵ

- subscript test:

$r_{123} r_{\frac{1}{2}}$

- subscript0 test:

r_{123}

- subscript1 test:

r_{123}

- subscript2 test:

r_{123}

- subscript3 test:

$r_{123} r_{\frac{1}{2}}$

- superscript test:

$$r^{123} r^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

- superscript0 test:

$$r^{123}$$

- superscript1 test:

$$r^{123}$$

- superscript2 test:

$$r^{123}$$

- superscript3 test:

$$r^{123} r^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

- asuperscript test:

$$a^{123} a^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

- asuperscript0 test:

$$a^{123}$$

- gsuperscript1 test:

$$g^{123}$$

- gsuperscript2 test:

$$g^{123}$$

- gsuperscript3 test:

$$g^{123} g^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

- frac test:

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{g}{a} - \frac{a^2}{b^2} \cdot \frac{a^2}{b^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

- tfrac test:

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{g}{a} - \frac{a^2}{b^2} \cdot \frac{a^2}{b^2}$$

- dfrac test:

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{g}{a} - \frac{a^2}{b^2} \cdot \frac{a^2}{b^2}$$

- stackrel test:

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{g}{a} - \frac{a^2}{b^2} \cdot \frac{a^2}{b^2}$$

- brace5 test: ()

$$(((r^{123}))) - - (((r^{123})))$$

- brace6 test: []

$$[[[r^{123}]]] - - [[[r^{123}]]]$$

- brace7 test:

$$\{ \{ \{ r^{123} \} \} \} - - \{ \{ \{ r^{123} \} \} \}$$

- brace8 test: — —

$$||| r^{123} ||| - - ||| r^{123} |||$$

- brace9 test: — —

$$|| r^{123} || - - || r^{123} ||$$

- brace10 test

$$\{ [(r^{123})] \} - - \{ [(r^{123})] \}$$

- brace11 test: floor

$$[[[r^{123}]]] - - [[[r^{123}]]]$$

- brace12 test: ceil

$$\lceil \lceil \lceil r^{123} \rceil \rceil - - \lceil \lceil \lceil r^{123} \rceil \rceil$$

- sub-, superscript test

$$r_{321}^{1234} r_{321}^{1234} - - r_{321}^{1234} r_{321}^{1234} - - \kappa^2 - - \kappa_2 - - \kappa_2^2$$

- super-, subscript test

$$r_{4321}^{123} r_{4321}^{123} - - r_{4321}^{123} r_{4321}^{123} - - \kappa^2 - - \kappa_2 - - \kappa_2^2$$

- math 1:

$$f(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x e^{-t^2} dt$$

- math 2:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{-e^{i\pi}}{2^n}$$

- math 3:

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & x_1 & \dots & x_1^{n-1} \\ 1 & x_2 & \dots & x_2^{n-1} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & x_n & \dots & x_n^{n-1} \end{pmatrix} = \prod_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} (x_j - x_i)$$

- math 4:

$$M \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x}}}}}}}$$

- math 4:

$$M \sqrt[3]{1 + \sqrt[3]{1 + \sqrt[3]{1 + \sqrt[3]{1 + \sqrt[3]{1 + \sqrt[3]{1 + x}}}}}}}$$

- math 4:

$$M\sqrt{1+X} \sqrt[3]{1+X}^{3.14156} \sqrt{1+X}$$

- math 4:

$$M\sqrt{1+X} \sqrt[1/2]{1+X}^{3.14156 \cdot 1/2} \sqrt{1+X}$$

- math 4:

$$M\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{1+x}}}}}}$$

- math 4:

$$M\sqrt{a} \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a}}$$

- math 5:

$$\binom{p}{2} = x^2 y^{p-2} - \frac{1}{1-x} \frac{1}{1-x^2}$$

- math 6:

$$a_0 + \frac{1}{a_1 + \frac{1}{a_2 + \frac{1}{a_3 + \frac{1}{a_4}}}}$$

- math 7:

$$\left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \right) |\varphi(x+iy)|^2 = 0$$

- math 8:

$$2^{2^{2^x}}$$

- math 9:

$$\iint_D f(x,y) dx dy$$

- math 10 (overbrace):

$$\overbrace{x + x + \dots + x}^k \text{ } k \text{ times}$$

- math 11 (underbrace):

$$\underbrace{x + x + \dots + x}_k \text{ } k \text{ times}$$

- math 12 (under/overbrace):

$$\underbrace{\overbrace{x + x + \dots + x}^k \text{ } k \text{ times} \overbrace{x + x + \dots + x}^k \text{ } k \text{ times}}_{2k \text{ times}}$$

- math 13:

$$y_1'' \quad y_2'''$$

- math 14:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1/3 & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 2/3 & \text{if } 3 \leq x \leq 4 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

- math 15:

$$\Re z = \frac{n\pi \frac{\theta + \psi}{2}}{\left(\frac{\theta + \psi}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{B}{A} \right| \right)^2}$$

- math 16:

$$\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{m^2 n}{3^m (m 3^n + n 3^m)}$$

- math 17:

$$\phi_n(\kappa) = \frac{1}{4\pi^2 \kappa^2} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin(\kappa R)}{\kappa R} \frac{\partial}{\partial R} \left[R^2 \frac{\partial D_n(R)}{\partial R} \right] dR$$

- math 18:

$${}_pF_q(a_1, \dots, a_p; c_1, \dots, c_q; z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(a_1)_n \cdots (a_p)_n}{(c_1)_n \cdots (c_q)_n} \frac{z^n}{n!}$$

- math 19 (overset):

$$\overline{X} \overline{\text{def}} Y \quad \overline{X} \overline{!} Y \quad \overline{X} \overline{\rightarrow} Y \quad \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} \xrightarrow{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} f'(x)$$

- math 20 (underset):

$$\underset{=} X \text{def} (5) Y \quad \underset{\rightarrow} X f Y \quad \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} \underset{\rightarrow}{\Delta x} 0 f'(x)$$

- axiom of power test:

$$\forall A \exists P \forall B [B \in P \iff \forall C (C \in B \Rightarrow C \in A)]$$

- De Morgan's law: $\neg(P \wedge Q) \iff (\neg P) \vee (\neg Q)$ or $\overline{\bigcap_{i \in I} A_i} \equiv \bigcup_{i \in I} \overline{A_i}$ or $\overline{A \cup B} \equiv \overline{A} \cap \overline{B}$

- quadratic formula:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

- combination:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n(n-1)\dots(n-k+1)}{k(k-1)\dots 1} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$$

- Sophomore's dream 1:

$$\int_0^1 x^{-x} dx = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^{-n} (=1.29128599706266354040728259059560054149861936827\dots)$$

- Sophomore's dream 2:

$$\int_0^1 x^x dx = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} n^{-n} = - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-n)^{-n} (=0.78343051071213440705926438652697546940768199014\dots)$$

- divergence 1:

$$\operatorname{div} \vec{F} = \nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial W}{\partial z}$$

- divergence 2:

$$\vec{\operatorname{div}}(\underline{\epsilon}) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \epsilon_{xx}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{yx}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{zx}}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial \epsilon_{xy}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{yy}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{zy}}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial \epsilon_{xz}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{yz}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_{zz}}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix}$$

- lim, sum ...:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \binom{k}{r} + \frac{a}{b} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n + \left\{ \frac{1}{13} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \right\}.$$

- Schwinger-Dyson:

$$\langle \psi | \mathcal{T} \{ F \phi^j \} | \psi \rangle = \langle \psi | \mathcal{T} \{ i F_{,i} D^{ij} - F S_{int,i} D^{ij} \} | \psi \rangle.$$

- Schrödinger's equation:

$$\left[-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + V \right] \Psi(x) = i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \Psi(x)$$

- Cauchy-Schwarz inequality:

$$\left(\sum_{k=1}^n a_k b_k \right)^2 \leq \left(\sum_{k=1}^n a_k^2 \right) \left(\sum_{k=1}^n b_k^2 \right)$$

- Maxwell's equations:

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla \times \vec{\mathbf{B}} - \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{\mathbf{E}}}{\partial t} &= 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{j}} \\ \nabla \cdot \vec{\mathbf{E}} &= 4\pi \rho \\ \nabla \times \vec{\mathbf{E}} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{\mathbf{B}}}{\partial t} &= \vec{\mathbf{0}} \\ \nabla \cdot \vec{\mathbf{B}} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

- math: radicals:

$$Hxq\sqrt{a}\sqrt[5]{5}\sqrt{-1}\sqrt{h}\sqrt{jA}\sqrt{\vec{A}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{a}\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{a}}}\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a}}}\sqrt{a+\sqrt{a+b}}$$

- math: non-2 radicals:

$$Hxq\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{5}\sqrt[3]{-1}\sqrt[3]{h}\sqrt[3]{\vec{A}}\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{a}\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{a}}}\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1+\frac{1}{a}}}\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{a+b}}$$

- math: long non-2 radicals:

$$Hxq^{3.14156}\sqrt{a}^{3.14156}\sqrt[5]{5}$$

- math: sum, prod, ...: no-limits:

$$Hxq\prod_{i=1}^n\sum_{j=1}^c(i+j)\cdot\frac{1}{2}$$

- limits:

$$Hxq\prod_{i=1}^n\sum_{j=1}^c(i+j)\cdot\frac{1}{2}$$

- long-below:

$$\sum_{n=\{a,b,c,d,e,f,g\}}f(x)$$

- long-above:

$$\sum_{n=\{a,b,c,d,e,f,g\}}f(x)$$

- math: more sum-symbols :

$$Hxq\sum_{i=0}^N\prod_{i=0}^N\prod_{i=0}^N\cup_{i=0}^N\cap_{i=0}^N\sqcup_{i=0}^N\vee_{i=0}^N\wedge_{i=0}^N\oplus_{i=0}^N\otimes_{i=0}^N\odot_{i=0}^N\oplus_{i=0}^N$$

- **math: more sum-symbols, no-limits** : $Hxq \sum_{i=0}^N \prod_{i=0}^N \prod_{i=0}^N \cup_{i=0}^N \cap_{i=0}^N \sqcup_{i=0}^N \vee_{i=0}^N \wedge_{i=0}^N \oplus_{i=0}^N \otimes_{i=0}^N \odot_{i=0}^N \uplus_{i=0}^N$

- **math: integrals: no-limits:**

$$Hxq \int_0^1 f(x) dx \iint_0^1 f(x) dx \iiint_0^1 f(x) dx \oint_0^1 f(x) dx \int_x f(x) dx$$

- limits:

$$\int_0^1 f(x) dx \iint_0^1 f(x) dx \iiint_0^1 f(x) dx \oint_0^1 f(x) dx \int_x f(x) dx$$

- **math: frac test:**

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{g}{a} - \frac{a^2}{b^2} \cdot \frac{a^2}{b^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

- **sfrac:** $Hxq \frac{1}{2} - Hxq \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2+\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{2+1/2} \frac{1}{2+\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{2+\frac{1}{2}}/2 e^{1/2}$

- **brace+sub/superscript:** $\langle r_{123} \rangle \langle r^{123} \rangle \langle r_{123} \rangle$

- **math: quadratic formula**

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$